

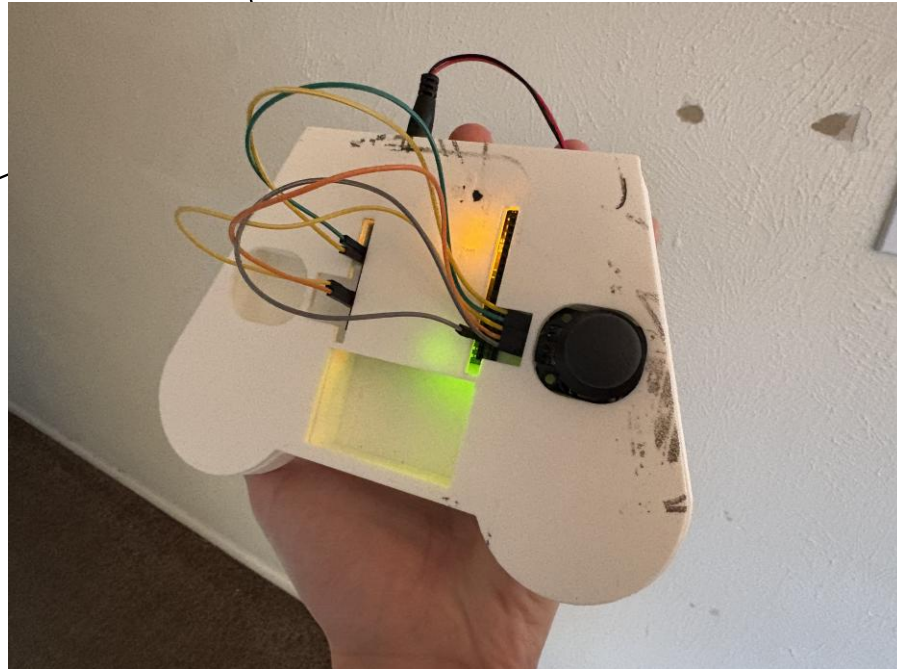
TEAM 95

**FINAL DESIGN
PRESENTATION**

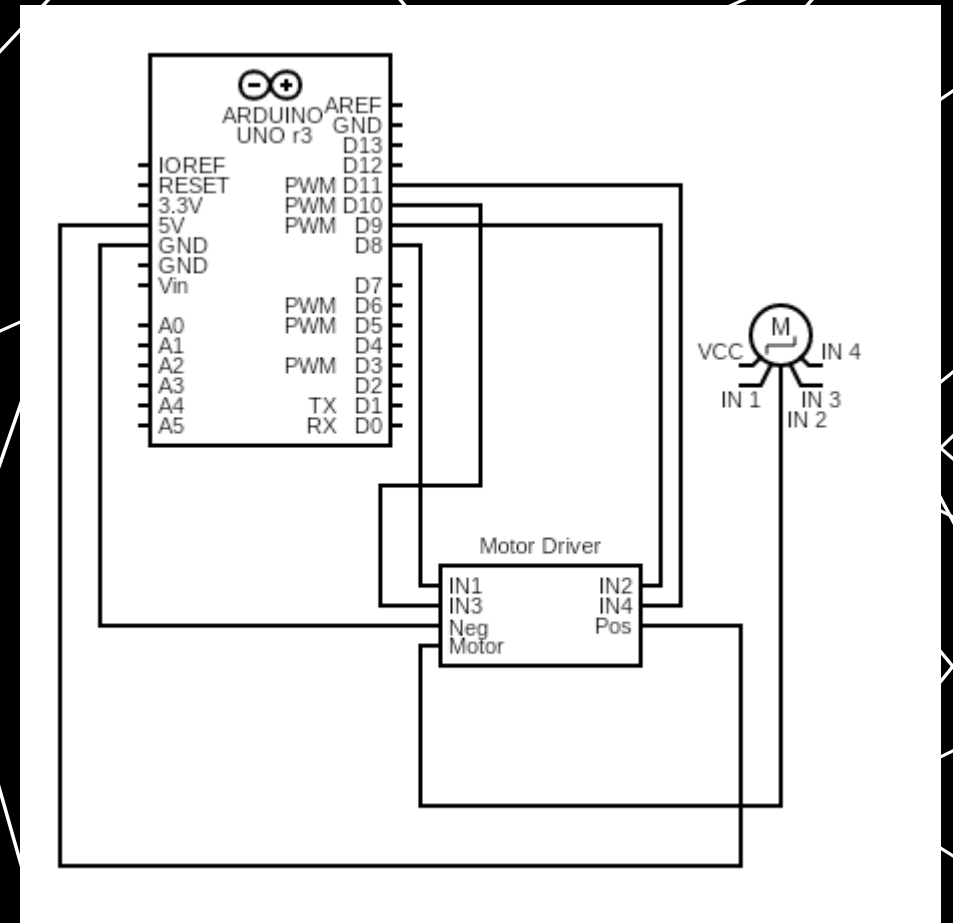
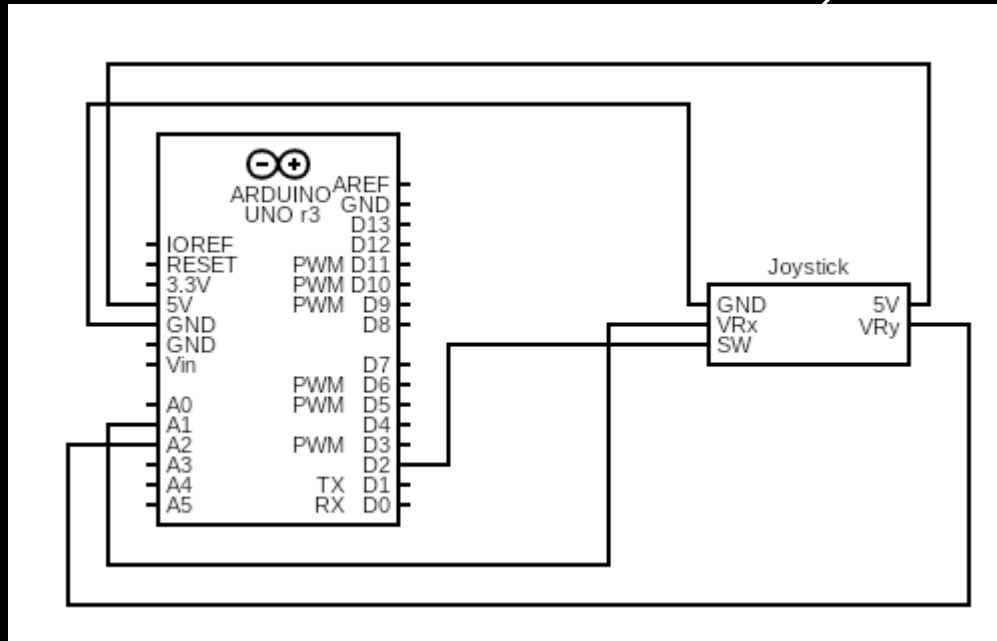
PROBLEM STATEMENT

As drones are being considered more for package delivery systems, there is a challenge with being able to reliably pick up packages of varied sizes and shapes while the drone reaches its designation. Options on the market use fixed sized crates/claws or just drop the packages into designated zones. This lack of modularity makes it expensive to buy all the necessary sizes.

PHYSICAL PROTOTYPE

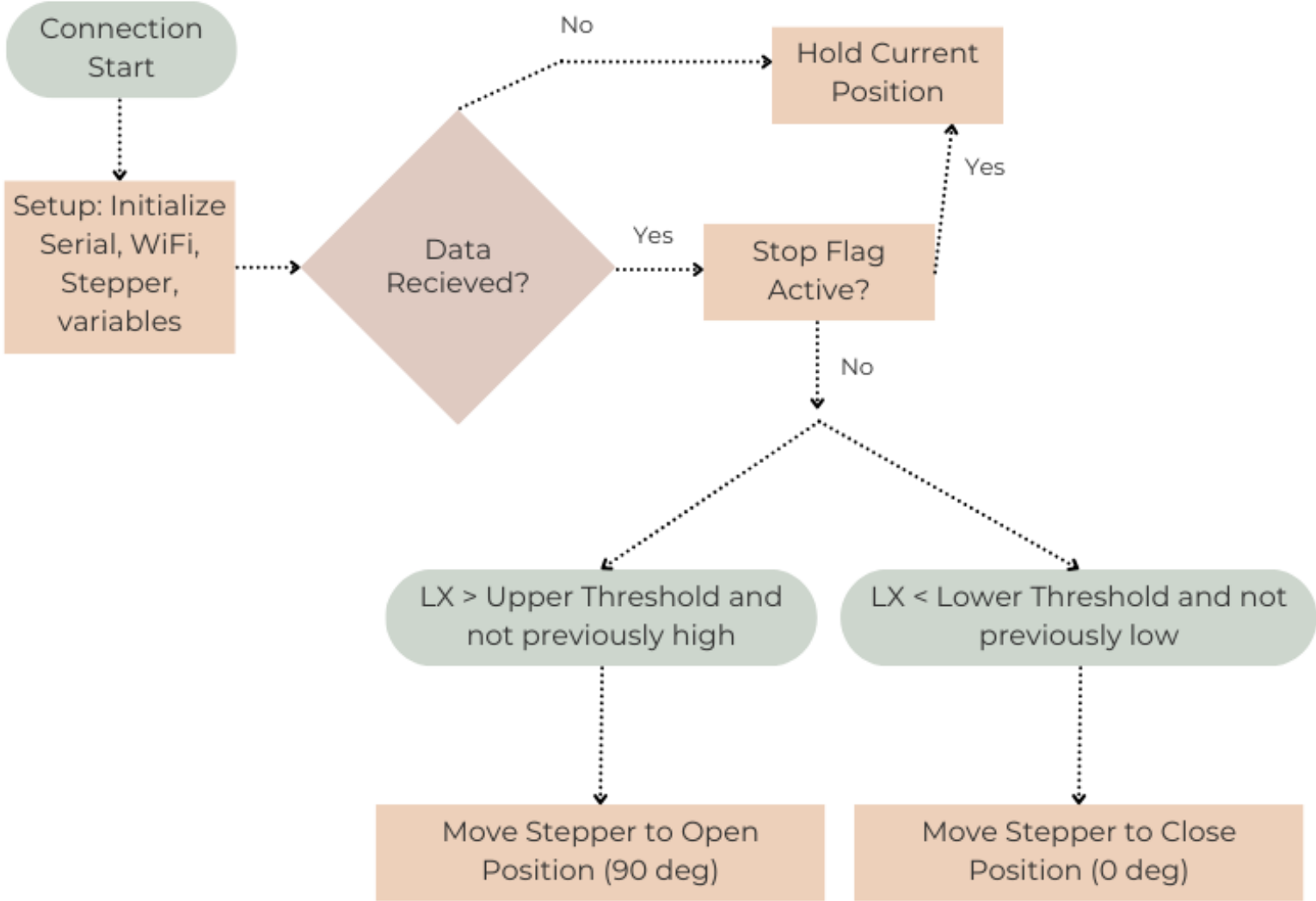


CIRCUIT DIAGRAMS



TEAM 95

LOGIC FLOWCHART



CODE

Transmitter

```
1  #include "WifiPort2.h"
2  #include "Stepper.h"
3
4  // Data we send
5  struct DataPacket {
6      int LX;    // Left joystick X
7      int LY;    // Left joystick Y
8      int RX;    // Right joystick X
9      int RY;    // Right joystick Y
10     int Stop; // Stop button
11 } data;
12
13 WifiPort<DataPacket> WifiSerial;
14
15 // Pin setup
16 int LXpin = A0;
17 int LYpin = A1;
18 int RXpin = A2;
19 int RYpin = A3;
20
21 void setup() {
22     Serial.begin(115200);
23     WifiSerial.begin("Group95", "Orediggas", WifiPortType::Transmitter);
24 }
```

```
27     // Read joysticks
28     data.LX = analogRead(LXpin);
29     data.LY = analogRead(LYpin);
30     data.RX = analogRead(RXpin);
31     data.RY = analogRead(RYpin);
32
33     // Send data
34     WifiSerial.sendData(data);
35 }
```

CODE

Receiver

```
1  #include "WifiPort2.h"
2  #include <Stepper.h>
3
4  // transmitter data
5  struct DataPacket {
6      int LX;
7      int LY;
8      int RX;
9      int RY;
10     int Stop;
11 } data;
12
13 WifiPort<DataPacket> WifiSerial;
14
15 // Stepper setup
16 const int StepsPerRevolution = 2048; // number of steps for one full revolution
17 Stepper myStepper(StepsPerRevolution, 8, 10, 9, 11);
18
19 // Angular position tracking (in degrees)
20 int NewAngle = 0;
21 int CurrentAngle = 0;
22
23 // Target positions (in degrees)
24 const int HOME_ANGLE = 0; // closed home position
25 const int OPEN_ANGLE = 90; // angle you want when joystick pushed open
26
27 // Joystick thresholds for one-axis control (LX)
28 const int CENTER_VALUE = 512;
29 const int DEADZONE = 50; // +/- range around center
30 const int UPPER_THRESH = CENTER_VALUE + DEADZONE; // > this = "open side"
31 const int LOWER_THRESH = CENTER_VALUE - DEADZONE; // < this = "close side"
32
33 // Latest joystick reading
34 int joyX = CENTER_VALUE;
35
36 // Edge detection (we only move when crossing into a zone)
37 bool wasHighPrev = false; // previously in "open" zone
38 bool wasLowPrev = false; // previously in "close" zone
39
40 // Safety timeout (if we want to use it later)
41 unsigned long lastDataTime = 0;
42 const unsigned long TIMEOUT = 500; // ms
43
44 bool hasReceivedData = false;
45
46 void setup() {
47     Serial.begin(115200);
48     delay(1000);
49     Serial.println("=== Receiver Starting ===");
50
51     WifiSerial.begin("Group95", "Orediggas", WifiPortType::Receiver);
```

CODE

Receiver Continued

```
53 myStepper.setSpeed(10); // RPM, adjust as needed
54
55 // Initialize data to safe center values
56 data.LX = CENTER_VALUE;
57 data.LY = CENTER_VALUE;
58 data.RX = CENTER_VALUE;
59 data.RY = CENTER_VALUE;
60 data.Stop = 0;
61
62 joyX = CENTER_VALUE;
63 }
64
65 void loop() {
66 // transmitter reciever
67 if (WifiSerial.checkForData()) {
68 data = WifiSerial.getData();
69 lastDataTime = millis();
70
71 if (!hasReceivedData) {
72 hasReceivedData = true;
73 Serial.println("*** FIRST DATA RECEIVED ***");
74 }
75 }
76
77 // Update previous zone states for next loop
```

```
77 // Debug print
78 Serial.print("RX Data -> LX:"); Serial.print(data.LX);
79 Serial.print(" LY:"); Serial.print(data.LY);
80 Serial.print(" RX:"); Serial.print(data.RX);
81 Serial.print(" RY:"); Serial.print(data.RY);
82 Serial.print(" Stop:"); Serial.print(data.Stop);
83
84 // Use only LX for open/close control
85 joyX = data.LX;
86
87 if (data.Stop == 1) {
88 Serial.println(" -> STOP");
89 } else if (joyX > UPPER_THRESH) {
90 Serial.println(" -> JOYSTICK OPEN SIDE");
91 } else if (joyX < LOWER_THRESH) {
92 Serial.println(" -> JOYSTICK CLOSE SIDE");
93 } else {
94 Serial.println(" -> JOYSTICK CENTER");
95 }
96 }
97
98 // If STOP is pressed, don't move the stepper this loop
99 if (data.Stop == 1) {
100 return; // just listen for new data
101 }
```

```
102 // Stepper Control
103
104 // Current zone based on joystick X
105 bool isHigh = (joyX > UPPER_THRESH); // joystick pushed to "open" side
106 bool isLow = (joyX < LOWER_THRESH); // joystick pushed to "close" side
107 // if it's between LOWER and UPPER, it's in the deadzone/center
108
109 // Rising edge into HIGH zone: go to OPEN_ANGLE
110 if (isHigh && !wasHighPrev) {
111 NewAngle = OPEN_ANGLE; // target angle
112 CurrentAngle = stepperGoTo(NewAngle, CurrentAngle);
113 Serial.println("Command: GO TO OPEN_ANGLE");
114 }
115
116 // Rising edge into LOW zone: go back to HOME_ANGLE (0)
117 if (isLow && !wasLowPrev) {
118 NewAngle = HOME_ANGLE; // back to home (0°)
119 CurrentAngle = stepperGoTo(NewAngle, CurrentAngle);
120 Serial.println("Command: GO TO HOME_ANGLE");
121 }
122
123 // Update previous zone states for next loop
124 wasHighPrev = isHigh;
125 wasLowPrev = isLow;
126 }
127 }
```